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#### LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Aluminum Balcony Railing
"Railing Type 7C, Side Mounted"
8 mm Thick Laminated Glass

Performed in accordance with CSA A500-16 "Building Guards" ASTM E935-13 & ASTM E2353-16

Report No. L21-540-6103a

Report Date: June 15, 2021

Prepared for:

#### Art Aluminum Railing Technologies Ltd.

66 Rivalda Rd. Toronto, ON M9M 2M3 Canada

Respectfully submitted by:	CANADIAN BUILDING ENVELOPE
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Tests Supervised by:

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Report Authorized by:

Elie Alkhoury, M.Eng. (Building Science), P.Eng.

Director, Research and Testing Services

- This report does not constitute certification of the test product. The reported test results refer only to the specimen tested. No representation is made that other samples of similar design will feature like performance.
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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Canadian Building Envelope Science and Technology (CAN-BEST) was retained by Falbo Aluminum Products to carry out load testing on their glass balcony railing system. Testing was performed in accordance with Article 4.1.5.14 "Loads on Guards" of both Ontario Building Code (OBC) 2012 and National Building Code of Canada (NBCC) 2015 requirements. In addition, testing for impact load and post-breakage retention was performed in accordance with CSA A500-16 "Building Guards".

#### 2. DISCLAIMERS

This report covers certain tests carried out on one guard rail specimen having specific properties, configuration and dimensions. Product performance is affected by variations in dimensions, assembly details and installation method. Consequently, the reader is advised to ensure product suitability for the intended application and conformity with all the details of the test sample described in the following section.

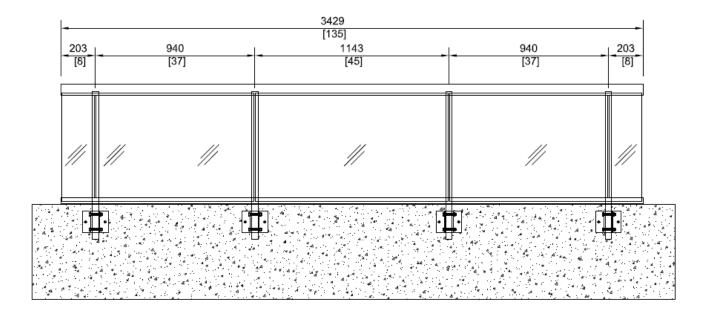
This report does not cover the rail's anticipated performance under service environmental conditions, nor the anchoring strength and stability of the substrate. No conclusions regarding concrete anchor performance or glass performance may be drawn from the reported results.

#### 3. RAILING DESCRIPTION

**Designation:** "Type 7C Aluminum Railing, 8 mm Laminated Glass"

**Type:** Side mounted, four-post balcony railing system, having 8 mm thick

laminated glass panels.



Railing Description (Cont'd.)

**Panels:** Four 1143 mm (45") wide by 711 mm (28") high panels with 203 mm (8") side

overhang.

Glass: Laminated heat strengthened glass comprising two 4 mm (0.16") thick glass

lites laminated to 1.52 mm (0.06") thick EVA interlayer.

**Panel Support:** Glass panels were continuously supported at the top and bottom rails in

channels lined with continuous rubber spline. The panels were attached to the post at mid-height through a pair of 51 mm x 102 mm x 6.4 mm thick (2.0" x 4.0"x 0.25") aluminum plates, lined with 6.4 mm (0.25") thick co-extruded gasket (referred to as cleat) and one 1/4-20 x 1 1/2" stainless steel pan head

machine screw.

**Railing:** 3429 mm (135") long, 1270 mm (50") overall height (1067 mm (42") above floor slab, 711 mm (28") above concrete parapet), comprised the following:

• **Posts** - Four extruded aluminum posts of rectangular tubular section, 50.8 mm x 38.1 mm (2.0" x 1.5") x 4.8 mm (0.19") thick; the inner posts spaced at 1143 mm (45"), and the outer posts spaced at 940 mm (37").

- *Top Rail Plate* One continuous, extruded aluminum top rail plate fastened to the top end of each post by four #10 x 1 1/2" long pan head coated TEK screws.
- Top Rail Cap One continuous, extruded aluminum top rail cap of irregular section, snapped onto the top rail, and clamped with a total of nine aluminum plates, 25 mm wide x 73 mm long x 0.125" thick (1" x 2 7/8" x 1/8"), positioned two at the ends, two at each side panel and three at center panel. Each plate was fastened from underneath with one 1/4-20 x 1 1/2" long pan head stainless steel machine screw.
- **Bottom Rail** One continuous, extruded aluminum bypass bottom rail, fastened to the bottom end of each post by two #10 x 3/4" pan head coated TEK screws.

**Anchoring:** Each post was fastened into a side assembled aluminum shoe using two 3/8" x 2-1/2"

stainless steel bolts, each with flat washer, lock washer and nut. The shoe anchoring plate was 125 mm (5") long x 9.5 mm (0.375") thick extruded aluminum. Each shoe was side anchored to edge of concrete parapet using two 1/2" x 4 1/2" long stainless steel threaded expansion anchors to a minimum embedment depth of 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ " in pre-

drilled holes.

**Sampling:** Railing assembly was selected and installed by the client.

**Modifications:** No modifications were performed on the specimen during testing in order to

attain the reported results.

**Drawings:** Detailed drawings, provided by the client, verified by CAN-BEST for general

conformity, are enclosed with this report (4 pages).

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#### 4. TEST LOADS

Static test loads were applied in accordance with the requirements of Article 4.1.5.14. of both OBC and NBCC including a **Load Factor of 1.50**.

In addition, testing for impact resistance and post-breakage retention was performed in accordance with CSA A500 Standard. Test load schedule and a summary of CSA A500 Standard requirements are provided in Table (1) and Appendix (A) respectively.

#### Table (1): Test Load Schedule

#### OBC-2012/NBC-2015 Article 4.1.5.14 Requirements

Service Load: 1.00 kN (225lb)

Load Factor: 1.50

#### 4.1.5.14 (1) Horizontal Load at Top of Guard

Horizontal point load applied at top rail in the outward direction shall be the greater of:

4.1.5.14 (1) (b) a concentrated load of Basic Load of 1.0 kN (225 lb) applied at any point.

#### OR

Client specified load factor applied to OBC's Basic Load:

Ultimate Load: 1.50 kN (337 lb)

#### <u>OR</u>

#### 4.1.5.14 (1) (c)

Basic Load: 0.75 kN/m (51 lb/ft)
Ultimate Load: 1.13 kN/m (77 lb/ft)
Post Spacing: 1067 mm (42.0")
Equivalent Load: 1.20 kN (270 lb)

#### 4.1.5.14 (2) Horizontal Load at Infill Elements

Individual elements within the guard including solid panels and pickets, shall be designed for a load of 0.5 kN (112.5 lb) applied over an area of 100 mm x 100 mm located at any point in the element or elements as to produce the most critical effect.

Service Load: 0.5 kN (113 lb) Ultimate Load: 0.75 kN (169 lb)

#### 4.1.5.14 (4) Vertical Load at Top of Guard

Basic Load: 1.5 kN/m (103 lb/ft)
Ultimate Load: 2.25 kN/m (154 lb/ft)
Post Spacing: 1067 mm (42.0")
Equivalent Load: 2.40 kN (540 lb)

#### CSA A500-16 Requirements

#### 5.3.6 Impact Resistance

Impact Load: 542 N.m, equivalent to 45.4 kg mass impacting at 1220 mm free fall

One hit at center of each infill panel

#### 5.5.3 Post-Breakage Retention

Post-Breakage Load: 25% of the service wind load or 225 N, whichever is greater.

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#### 5. TEST RESULTS

Test results for static loading are provided in Table (2). Impact loading and post-breakage retention results are provided in Table (3).

**Table (2):** Loading Test Results (Article 4.1.5.14. of the NBC)

Test Date: June 4-8, 2021

TEST REQUIRE	ing Test Results (Article	Load Location	RESULTS	RATING
-	VIEN I	Load Location		KATING
Service Load  Top of guard at ma  Service Load:	ost critical location 1.00 kN (225lb)	End Post	Post Deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 18.5 2.4	PASS
	1.00 kN (225lb) nent deflection: 5 mm h repeated application	Center Post	Post Deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 12.4 1.8	PASS
Ultimate Load Top of guard at me Service Load: Load Factor:	ost critical location 1.00 kN (225lb) 1.50	End Post	Post Deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 22.3 3.4	PASS
Test Load:  No criteria provided deflection under led deflection after relations.	oad or for permanent	Center Post	Post Deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 14.2 2.8	PASS
Elements Within Loads applied at reservice Load: Load Factor: Test Load:	the Guard nost critical location 0.50 kN (113 lb) 1.50 0.75 kN (169 lb)	Infill panel at most critical location	Observations:  • No glass breakage  • No permanent deformation of supporting elements	PASS
	1.50 kN/m (100 lb/ft) 1.50 2.25 kN/m (154 lb/ft) 1143 mm (45.0") 2.57 kN (578lb) ia provided for deflection rmanent deflection after	Mid-span of top rail	Top Rail deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 6.1 0.9	PASS

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Test Date: October 22-28, 2020

Table (3): Impact Load and Post-Breakage Retention Test Results

(CSA A500-16, 5.5.3.1)

TEST REQUIREMENT	<b>Load Location</b>	RESULTS	RATING
Combination Load Service +Wind Loads	Large Panel Service Load:	Panel Width: 1143 mm (45") Panel Height: 711 mm (28")	
Service Load: 2.40 kN (548lb)  Wind Pressure: 2.5 kPa (50 psf)  No maximum criteria provided for deflection under load or for permanent deflection after loading.	Mid-span of top rail  Wind Load: Center of infill panel	Equivalent wind load applied on panel: 1.95 kN (438 lb)  Top Rail deflection (mm) <u>Under Load Permanent</u> 32.2 6.5	PASS
Impact Load and Post-Breakage Retention Testing Impact Location: Center of Panel Impactor Weight: 45.4 kg (100 lb) Drop Height: 1220 mm (48")	Panel 1	No glass breakage	PASS
Performance Criteria 5.5.3.1 (b) i) the compromised panel or infill, including all parts and components, remains in place; ii) the impact does not create an opening in the panel or infill through which a 150 mm sphere is able to pass under an 18 N load; and	Panel 2	No glass breakage	PASS
iii) the compromised panel, infill, or system is able to withstand a load in the direction of the impact that is equivalent to 25% of the service wind load or 225 N, whichever is greater. This load may be applied in the form of a point load acting in the center of the panel or infill.	Panel 3	No glass breakage	PASS

#### 6. CONCLUSION

Based on the observations and obtained test results, the balcony railing system described in this report **DID MEET** the load and impact resistance requirements specified in OBC/NBCC (Article 4.1.5.14) and Article 5.5.3.1 of the CSA A500-16 *Standard "Building Guards"*.

Z:\RPT\Rpt\_21\540-6103a, Type 7C, side mounted, Art Aluminum railing-8 mm glass CSA 500, ASTM.doc

#### **Report History**

Revision No.	Change and Reason	Date	Approved by
	Original report issued	June 15, 2021	EA

#### Appendix (A) - CSA A500-16 Requirements

#### 5.3.2 Effect of service load and ultimate load as per Article 4.1.5.14. of the NBC

The guard assembly and components shall be tested for the effect of service load and ultimate load.

The difference between the deflection after the peak service load has been released and the deflection at "zero". Load shall be less than 5 mm and shall not increase with repeated application of the peak service load.

#### 5.3.3 Effect of total ultimate load, including load combinations

The guard assembly configuration in which the applied loading produces the highest component stresses under the applied load, including all load-bearing components and connections, shall be tested for the effect of total ultimate load, including load combinations in accordance with Table 4.3.

#### 5.3.4 Response to loads

After final installation, a minimum of one specimen per each type of guard assembly and its components, on which the applied load exerts the most adverse stress condition, shall be tested for response to loads in accordance with the NBC, Article 4.1.5.14. Appropriate load and resistance factors shall be used.

material factors of 0.8 for aluminum and 0.85 for glass v

#### 5.3.5 Effect of total ultimate on main connections

After final installation on site, a minimum of two main connections of the guard assembly to the supporting structure shall be tested on site for the effect of the total ultimate load including load combinations in accordance with Table 4.3.5.3.6 Impact and post breakage retention testing

#### 5.3.6 Impact Load

#### 5.3.6.1

The infill panel in the guard assembly or the panel portion of the guard assembly shall be tested as part of the assembly for the impact load, unless sufficient documented proof is provided to verify that the system is capable of sustaining the impact test load.

#### 5.3.6.2

Infills need not be tested under impact for guard assemblies that

- a) are walls acting as guards; or
- b) comprise
  - i) parapet that is
    - 1) adequately designed to support all the loads applied to the guard and transfers them to the supporting structure; and
    - 2) 500 mm or higher above the surface the guard is intended to protect; and
  - ii) a guard infill that is supported on at least two opposite sides.

#### 5.5.1.9 Pass/Fail Criteria

If one or more of the below conditions is noted on the tested assembly prior to reaching the required peak "test load", the test shall be considered as having failed:

- a) full or partial pull out of anchors connecting the guard assembly and its components to the supporting structure;
- b) the assembly or any of its components exhibit excessive deformation, fracture, pull-out, or breakage of the supporting structure;
- $c)\ deformation\ of\ the\ assembly\ or\ any\ of\ its\ components\ will\ increase\ without\ increasing\ the\ applied\ load;$
- d) the assembly or any of its components exhibit evidence of yielding;
- e) any part or component of the assembly fails to remain in its design position; or
- f) the assembly or any of its components fail to remain connected.

#### Appendix (A) - CSA A500-16 Requirements

#### 5.5.2 Impact and post-breakage retention testing

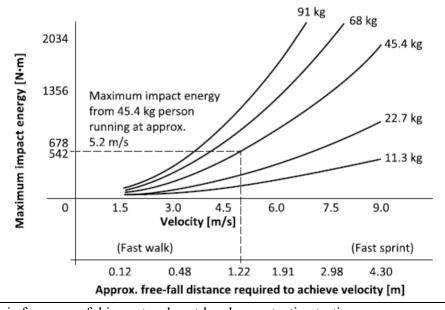
Impact testing shall be carried out as a minimum on the longest and the shortest infill spans for which compliance is sought.

For each guard configuration under test, impact testing shall be performed on three identical specimens according to the following criteria:

- a) for simple, in-line, assemblies, each specimen shall include two posts, one infill panel (or pickets), anchors, and associated components; or
- b) for assemblies having infill panels or pickets overhanging the supporting structure or end post, each specimen shall include two posts, with the infill panel or pickets configured to match the proposed overhanging design and including end supports and associated system components where applicable.

#### Figure A.1 Human engineering data for impact energies

(See Clause A.5.5.2.)

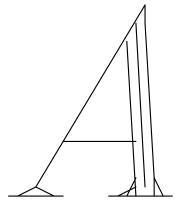


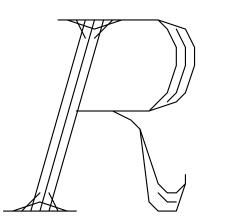
#### 5.5.3 Criteria for successful impact and post-breakage retention testing

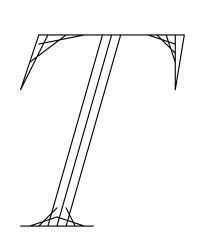
The impact and post-breakage retention test shall be deemed as passed if one of the following conditions are met:

- a) the panel or infill remains intact after impact; or
- b) the panel or infill integrity is compromised by the impact and all of the following conditions are met:
  - i) the compromised panel or infill, including all parts and components, remains in place;
  - ii) the impact does not create an opening in the panel or infill through which a 150 mm sphere is able to pass under an 18 N load; and
  - iii) the compromised panel, infill, or system is able to withstand a load in the direction of the impact that is equivalent to 25% of the service wind load or 225 N, whichever is greater. This load may be applied in the form of a point load acting in the center of the panel or infill.









# Aluminum Railing Technologies Ltd.

APPROVAL STAMPS

# Canadian Building Envelope Science and Technology CAN-BEST This document forms part of: Report No.: L2I-540-6103 Verified By: Date: JUNE 15, 2021

## TEST DRAWINGS

LAB:	CAN-BEST LABORATORIES
LOCATION:	38 Regan Road, Unit 4. Brampton, Ontario, Canada, L7A 1C6
TYPES:	RAILING TYPE - 7C
NOTES:	

TEST DRAWING SET DATE:

July 04, 2022

66 RIVALDA ROAD, TORONTO,ONTARIO,CANADA M9M 2M3

E-MAIL: falbo@on.aibn.com

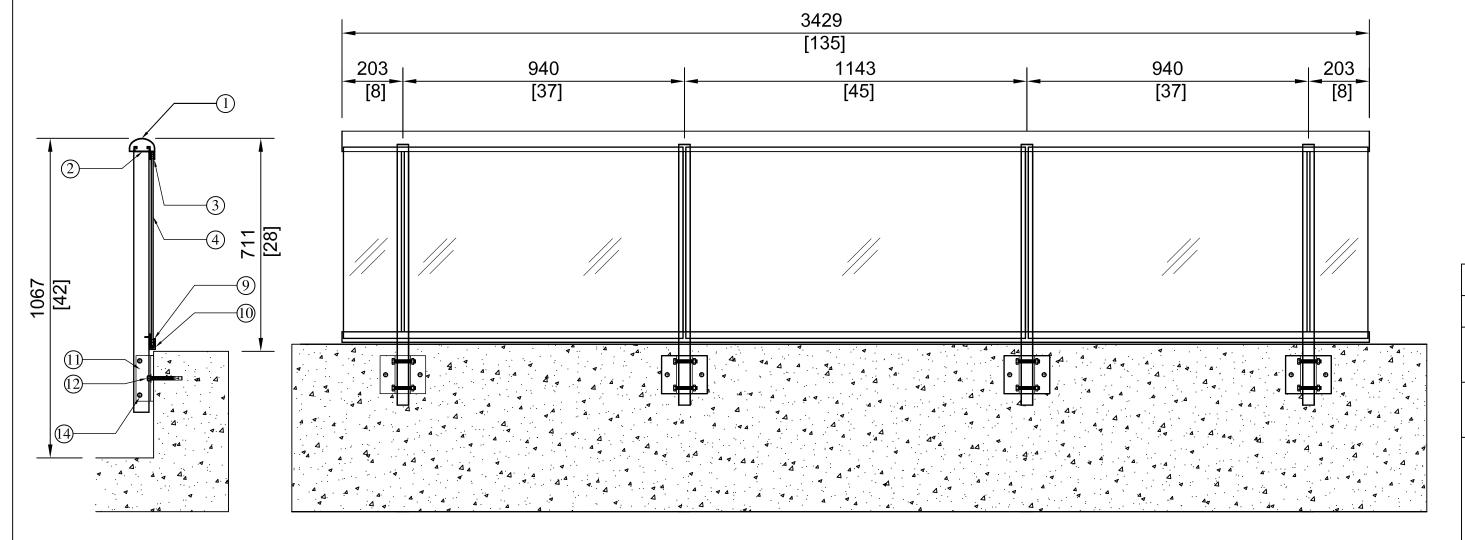
Tel: (416) 740 - 2328, 1(800) 538 - 7030

Fax: (416) 740 - 0720

### TYPE 7C



DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
TOP CAP	AS-36124
TOP RAIL	AS-36087
TOP GASKET	V-858
8 mm Laminated Glass	
POST	AH-72863
BOTTOM GASKET	V-783
BOTTOM GLASS CHANEL	AS-72864
SIDE ASSEMBLED SHOE	
1/2"Ø x 4 1/2" EXPANSION ANCHORS	STAINLESS STEEL
SS 3/8"Ø x 2 1/2" TRU BOLT	Flat washer, lock washer, nut
	TOP CAP TOP RAIL TOP GASKET 8 mm Laminated Glass POST BOTTOM GASKET BOTTOM GLASS CHANEL SIDE ASSEMBLED SHOE 1/2"Ø x 4 1/2" EXPANSION ANCHORS



DRAWN BY:	DATE:	
LR	4/07/2022	
CHECKED BY:	SCALE:	
EF	NTS.	
PROJECT:		
DAII ING TEST		

RAILING TEST

DRAWING TITLE: TYPE 1 BALCONY RAILING



66 Rivalda Rd,Toronto,Ontario M9M 2M3 Tel: (416) 740-9304 Fax: (416) 740-0720 Email :

DRAWING NO:

RT-04

